

ABN: 11 018 983 989

Financial Report

For the Year Ended 31 May 2018

ABN: 11 018 983 989

For the year ended 31 May 2018

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STATEMENT BY THE DIRECTORS

In accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of the CYC (SA) Management Pty Ltd as trustee for the CYC (SA) Unit Trust, the directors of the trustee company declare that:

- 1. the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 4 to 17, present fairly the Unit Trust's financial position as at 31 May 2018 and its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations), policies described in Note 1 to the financial statements; and,
- 2. in the Directors' opinion, at the date of this statement there are reasonable grounds to believe that the CYC (SA) Unit Trust will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Director

Director

Dated this

day of July 2018

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
REVENUE			
Revenue	2	138,000	138,000
TOTAL REVENUE	-	138,000	138,000
EXPENSES			
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	3	182,628	116,451
Other expenses	3	90,000	90,000
Finance costs	3	34,189	10,357
TOTAL EXPENSES	-	306,817	216,808
NET PROFIT / (LOSS)	-	(168,817)	(78,808)
Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	-	(168,817)	(78,808)

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MAY 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	4		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS			<u>-</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	5	1,397,184	1,487,184
Property, plant and equipment	6	7,294,509	7,137,502
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		8,691,693	8,624,686
TOTAL ASSETS		8,691,693	8,624,686
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	7	21,100	23,350
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		21,100	23,350
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings	8	2,428,201	2,191,777
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,428,201	2,191,777
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,449,301	2,215,127
NET ASSETS		6,242,392	6,409,559
EQUITY			
		57 0	E70
Settled capital Issued units		572	572
Reserves	10	6,136,795	6,135,145
	12	1,420,500	1,420,500
Accumulated losses		(1,315,475)	(1,146,658)
TOTAL EQUITY		6,242,392	6,409,559

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

	Contributed Capital	Retained Earnings	Premium Unit Reserve	Total \$
	\$	\$	\$	•
Balance at 1 June 2016	6,135,517	(1,067,850)	1,420,500	6,488,167
Contributed / (Reduction) in Capital	200	-	-	200
Operating Result for the Year		(78,808)	-	(78,808)
Balance at 31 May 2017	6,135,717	(1,146,658)	1,420,500	6,409,559
Balance at 1 June 2017	6,135,717	(1,146,658)	1,420,500	6,409,559
Contributed / (Reduction) in Capital	1,650	-	-	1,650
Operating Result for the Year		(168,817)	-	(168,817)
Balance at 31 May 2018	6,137,367	(1,315,475)	1,420,500	6,242,392

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Rental and other receipts		228,000	227,800
Payments to suppliers		(92,250)	(92,510)
Interest paid		(34,189)	(10,357)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		101,561	124,933
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(339,635)	(1,803,425)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(339,635)	(1,803,425)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds / (Repayments) from issue of units		1,650	200
Proceeds from borrowings		236,424	1,678,382
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		238,074	1,678,582
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year			_
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	4	-	-

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 4 July 2018 by the Board of Directors.

Basis of Preparation

The CYC (SA) Unit Trust applies Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements as set out in AASB 1053: *Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting Standards* and AASB 2010–2: *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Reduced Disclosure Requirements* and other applicable Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements.

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB). The CYC (SA) Unit Trust is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

Accounting Policies

a. Income Tax

Under current tax legislation, the trust is not liable to income tax provided its taxable income is fully distributed to beneficiaries.

b. Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses relate to a revalued asset. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present (refer to Note 1(e) for details of impairment).

The cost of fixed assets constructed within by the entity includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets, including buildings and capitalised lease assets, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Buildings	2.5 – 3 %
Marina & Walkways	2.5 – 10 %
Plant and Equipment	5 – 50 %

The asset's useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing net proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they occur.

c. Leases

Leases of fixed assets, where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset (but not the legal ownership) are transferred to the entity, are classified as finance leases.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives where it is likely that the entity will obtain ownership of the asset or ownership over the term of the lease.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are recognised as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

d. Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the entity commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss" in which case transaction costs are recognised immediately as expenses in profit or loss.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest method, or cost.

Amortised cost is calculated as the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment, and adjusted for any cumulative amortisation of the difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount calculated using the *effective interest method*.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying amount with a consequential recognition of an income or expense item in profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial liability is derecognised.

Impairment

A financial asset (or a group of financial assets) is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events (a "loss event") having occurred, which has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset(s).

In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include: indications that the debtors or a group of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; indications that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

When the terms of financial assets that would otherwise have been past due or impaired have been renegotiated, the entity recognises the impairment for such financial assets by taking into account the original terms as if the terms have not been renegotiated so that the loss events that have occurred are duly considered.

De-recognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual right to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the related obligations are discharged or cancelled, or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

e. Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the entity assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. in accordance with the revaluation model in AASB 116). Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Where the future economic benefits of the asset are not primarily dependent upon the asset's ability to generate net cash inflows and when the entity would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits, value in use is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of an asset.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

f. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at-call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

g. Accounts Receivable and Other Debtors

Accounts receivable and other debtors include amounts due from members as well as amounts receivable from customers for goods sold in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Accounts receivable are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment. Refer to Note 1(e) for further discussion on the determination of impairment losses.

h. Revenue and Other Income

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point of delivery as this corresponds to the transfer of significant risk and reward of ownership of the goods and the cessation of all involvement in those goods.

Annual member subscriptions and fees raised by the entity during the year are recognised as gross revenue.

Sales and Licenses to occupy Marina West Berths have been accounted for in accordance with AASB 117 *Leases*. In accordance with that standard, the license income received is proportionately recognised over the 40 year license period. The amount of license income received that represents income to be earned in future accounting period is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position as being unearned income.

The accounting policy for the historic sale of Marina East Berths was to recognise the entire License Income in the year received.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

i. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

j. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

k. Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Comparative information relating to the payment of interest expenses have been shown separately in the Statement of Cash Flows. This change in disclosure has resulted in no change to previously reported financial performance or position of the entity and has been undertaken to enhance disclosures.

An update in Note 10 has been made to recognise non-current borrowings in both years relating to borrowings held with the CYC (SA) Inc. which is a related entity. This change in disclosure has not impacted on previously reported financial performance or position of the entity.

I. Accounts Payable and Other Payables

Accounts payable and other payables represent the liabilities outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the entity during the reporting period that remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

m. New and Amended Accounting Policies Adopted by the Entity

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods and which the entity has decided not to early adopt. The entity does not expect these requirements to have any material effect on the entity's financial statement.

n. Key Estimates

(i) Impairment

The entity assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the entity that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

o. Economic Dependency

The entity is reliant on funding from The Cruising Yacht Club of SA Inc. to fund all financial obligations. As disclosed in Note 15, the entity has cross guarantees in place to secure future funding of all financial obligations.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

NOTE 2: REVENUE \$ \$ Revenue 90,000 90,000 Lease rental 90,000 48,000 Lease rental 48,000 138,000 NOTE 3: DEPRECIATION AND OTHER EXPENSES Expenses Depreciation 182,628 116,541 Interest Expense 34,189 10,267 Land lease expense 90,000 90,000 NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 306,817 216,808 NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES NOn-Current Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.		Note	2018	2017
Land lease rental 90,000 90,000 Lease rental 48,000 48,000 NOTE 3: DEPRECIATION AND OTHER EXPENSES Expenses Expenses Depreciation 182,628 116,541 Interest Expense 34,189 10,267 Land lease expense 90,000 90,000 NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 306,817 216,808 NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Non-Current Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 Advance to: Sys and significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities. The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.	NOTE 2: REVENUE		\$	\$
Lease rental 48,000 48,000 NOTE 3: DEPRECIATION AND OTHER EXPENSES Expenses Depreciation 182,628 116,541 Interest Expense 34,189 10,267 Land lease expense 90,000 90,000 NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 306,817 216,808 NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Non-Current 40vance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 Advance to: SYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.	Revenue			
NOTE 3: DEPRECIATION AND OTHER EXPENSES Expenses 182,628 116,541 Interest Expense 34,189 10,267 Land lease expense 90,000 90,000 Advance 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 306,817 216,808 NOTE 4: CASH AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 13 NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Non-Current Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities. 1,487,184	Land lease rental		90,000	90,000
NOTE 3: DEPRECIATION AND OTHER EXPENSES Expenses 182,628 116,541 Interest Expense 34,189 10,267 Land lease expense 90,000 90,000 NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at bank - - NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 13 - Non-Current 4 1,397,184 1,487,184 Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.	Lease rental		48,000	48,000
Expenses Depreciation 182,628 116,541 Interest Expense 34,189 10,267 Land lease expense 90,000 90,000 NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at bank - - NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Non-Current Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities. - -			138,000	138,000
Depreciation 182,628 116,541 Interest Expense 34,189 10,267 Land lease expense 90,000 90,000 NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at bank - - NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 13 - - Non-Current 4 1,397,184 1,487,184 Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.				
Interest Expense 34,189 10,267 Land lease expense 90,000 90,000 306,817 216,808 NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at bank - - 13 - - NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Non-Current Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.	•			
Land lease expense 90,000 90,000 NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at bank - - NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 13 - - Non-Current 4 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,1				
306,817 216,808 NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -	•			•
NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at bank 13 NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Non-Current Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.	Land lease expense			
Cash at bank 13 NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Non-Current Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,487,184			306,817	216,808
NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Non-Current Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184	NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Non-Current Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.	Cash at bank		-	-
Non-Current Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,397,184 1,487,184 The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.		13	-	-
Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust 1,397,184 1,487,184 1,487,184 1,487,184 The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.	NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.	Non-Current			
The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect to related entities.	Advance to: CYC Ramp Trust		1,397,184	1,487,184
			1,397,184	1,487,184
Financial assets classified as loans and receivables:	The entity's only significant concentration of credit risk is with respect t Financial assets classified as loans and receivables:	o relate	d entities.	
- total non-current financial assets 1,397,184 1,487,184	 total non-current financial assets 		1,397,184	1,487,184

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

	2018	2017
NOTE 6: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	\$	\$
Land – At Deemed Cost	2,800,000	2,800,000
Buildings – At Deemed Cost	3,615,897	3,615,896
Accumulated depreciation	(698,068)	(575,190)
	2,917,829	3,040,706
Plant and Equipment – At Deemed Cost	133,352	133,352
Accumulated depreciation	(72,066)	(65,398)
	61,286	67,954
Marina and Improvements – At Deemed Cost	2,787,050	2,447,415
Accumulated depreciation	(1,271,656)	(1,218,573)
	1,515,394	1,228,842
Total property, plant and equipment	7,294,509	7,137,502

Movements in carrying amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Land	Buildings	Plant and Equipment	Marina and Improvements	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 June 2017	2,800,000	3,040,706	67,954	1,228,842	7,137,502
Additions	-	-	-	339,635	339,635
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	_	(122,877)	(6,668)	(53,083)	(182,628)
Carrying amount at 31 May 2018	2,800,000	2,917,829	61,286	1,515,394	7,294,509

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

	2018	2017
NOTE 7: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	\$	\$
Current		
Other Payables	21,100	23,350
	21,100	23,350

The trade and other payables relate to debts owed to suppliers for services provided the entity.

Terms and conditions of the above financial liabilities are as follows:

- Trade payables and non-interest bearing loans are normally settled on 60 day terms.

NOTE 8: BORROWINGS

Non-Current

Advance from: CYC (SA) Inc. (unsecured)	1,487,553	842,947
External Borrowings – Bar & Patio Redevelopment	940,648	1,348,830
	2,428,201	2,191,777

In 2016/17, the entity borrowed \$1.349 million to fund the Bar & Patio Redevelopment Project.

The loan is structured as an interest only loan for an initial term of 3 years (expiring in September 2019) which upon expiry will require monthly principal and interest repayments to be made and repaid over a 10 year loan term.

NOTE 9: EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no events subsequent to 31 May 2018 that need to be disclosed in the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

NOTE 10: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The entity's financial instruments consist mainly of accounts receivable, payables and an external loan facility held with Westpac Banking Corporation.

The carrying amounts for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	-	-
Accounts receivable and other debtors	5	1,397,184	1,487,184
Total financial assets		1,397,184	1,487,184
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:			
accounts payable and other payables	7	21,100	23,350
Advance from CYC (SA) Inc.	8	1,487,553	842,947
external loan borrowings	8	940,648	1,348,830
Total financial liabilities		2,449,301	2,215,127
NOTE 44, ICCUED CADITAL			
NOTE 11: ISSUED CAPITAL			
122,185 (2017: 122,148) fully paid issued units at \$50 each		6,109,250	6,107,600
27,545 (2017: 27,545) fully paid issued units at \$1 each		27,545	27,545
		6,136,795	6,135,145

NOTE 12: RESERVES

The Premium Unit Reserve records premiums attached to Issued Units.

NOTE 13: CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Reconciliation of Cash

Cash at end of the financial year as shown in the cash flow statement is reconciled to the items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

-	Cash and cash equivalents		
		-	-

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

NOTE 14: LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Minister for Transport has leased the Port Vincent Marina Basin to the Yorke Peninsula Council for a term of 99 years commencing from 1 May 2003. The Council has agreed to under lease that portion of the marina basin on which the Marina is situated to CYC (SA) Management Pty Ltd for an annual rent of \$500 per annum with an annual CPI increase every year after (if demanded) for a term of 99 years less one day commencing on 1 May 2003. CYC (SA) Management Pty Ltd has under leased the area it is leasing to the Cruising Yacht Club of South Australia Inc. for the same nominal rent and on the same terms and conditions for a term of 99 years less 2 days commencing 1 May 2003.

CYC Ramp Pty Ltd, as trustee for the CYC Ramp Trust, has leased the Western Marina Basin to the CYC (SA) Management Pty Ltd, as trustee for the CYC (SA) Unit Trust, for a term commencing on 1 November 2008 and ending on 1 November 2083, for rent as agreed to under lease that portion of the marina basin on which Marina West is situated to the Cruising Yacht Club of South Australia Inc. (the Club), for a term commencing on 1 November 2008 and ending on 31 October 2083, at the same rent.

NOTE 15: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A bill discount line is provided to CYC (SA) Management Pty Ltd as trustee for the CYC (SA) Unit Trust. Cross guarantees in support of the facility have been provided over the non-current assets of CYC (SA) Unit Trust. As at 31 May 2018 \$nil was drawn down on a bill facility (2017 \$nil).

A bank overdraft facility of \$100,000 is provided to the Cruising Yacht Club of SA Inc., which is secured by an unlimited interlocking guarantee from CYC (SA) Management Pty Ltd as trustee for the CYC (SA) Unit Trust and CYC Ramp Pty Ltd as trustee for the CYC Ramp Trust. The facility was drawn down to \$nil at 31 May 2018 (2017: \$nil).

NOTE 16: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

All senior management personnel are employed by the Cruising Yacht Club of SA Inc.

NOTE 17: CLUB'S DETAILS

The registered office of the CYC (SA) Management Pty Ltd is:

Cruising Yacht Club of South Australia Inc. Lady Gowrie Drive NORTH HAVEN SA 5018



214 Melbourne Street North Adelaide SA 5006

PO Box 755 North Adelaide SA 5006

T: (08) 8267 4777 **F:** (08) 8239 0895

E: admin@deannewbery.com.au

ABN: 30 164 612 890

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Trustees of the CYC (SA) Unit Trust

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report, being a general purpose financial report, of the CYC (SA) Unit Trust (the entity), which comprises the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 May 2018, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statements of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Statement by the Directors on the annual statements giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the economic entity.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the CYC (SA) Unit Trust is in accordance with the requirements of the Associations Incorporation Act (SA) 1985, including;

- giving a true and fair view of the entity's financial position as at 31 May 2018 and of its performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) that the financial records kept by the entity are such as to enable financial statements to be prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described as in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Report

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report, and has determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1 is appropriate to meet the need of the directors. Management's responsibility also includes such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of CYC (SA) Management Pty Ltd as trustee of the CYC (SA) Unit Trust are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that the audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

DEAN NEWBERY & PARTNERS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

SAMANTHA ALLARD PARTNER

Signed on the 12th day of July 2018, at 214 Melbourne Street, North Adelaide